



## Summary

### Objective

Treatment for most dental injury claims is paid under Regulation 10 of the Accident Compensation (Liability to Pay or Contribute to Cost of Treatment) Regulations 2003.

**Owner** Name withheld

**Expert** Name withheld

## Policy

### 1.0 Rules

- a** A dental injury must be registered by a registered dental provider on an ACC42 Dental Injury Claim Form.

Dental treatment should be invoiced using an ACC37 Dental treatment and tax invoice.

Dental treatment that is paid for under the Regulations must be carried out by a registered dentist holding a current annual practising certificate, as required under the Health Practitioners Competence Assurance Act 2003 See Treatment provider types and costs.

The ACC42 and ACC37 forms must show:

- there is evidence of an injury
- the injury is related to an ACC-covered claim
- the pre-accident condition of the tooth or teeth, eg if the tooth has a prior restoration or a crown
- the treatment relates to the covered injury and is not related to treatment required for pre-existing conditions of the tooth or teeth
- all other eligibility criteria for treatment are met.

While prior approval is not required for acute treatment paid for under regulations, a provider may request prior approval if they or the client want(s) assurance that we will pay for the treatment. In this case, check the treatment meets eligibility criteria and advise the client and provider of the approved costs.

Clients must get prior approval for crowns, bridges, root canal treatment and dental implants.

Costs for regulated dental treatment are listed in the Schedule of the Accident Compensation (Liability to Pay or Contribute to Cost of Treatment) Regulations 2003.