# Welcome | Haere mai

The webinar will start shortly.

# How to complete an ACC18 medical certificate

7<sup>TH</sup> DECEMBER 2023

Hosted by **Dr Peter Burt**Clinical Advice manager

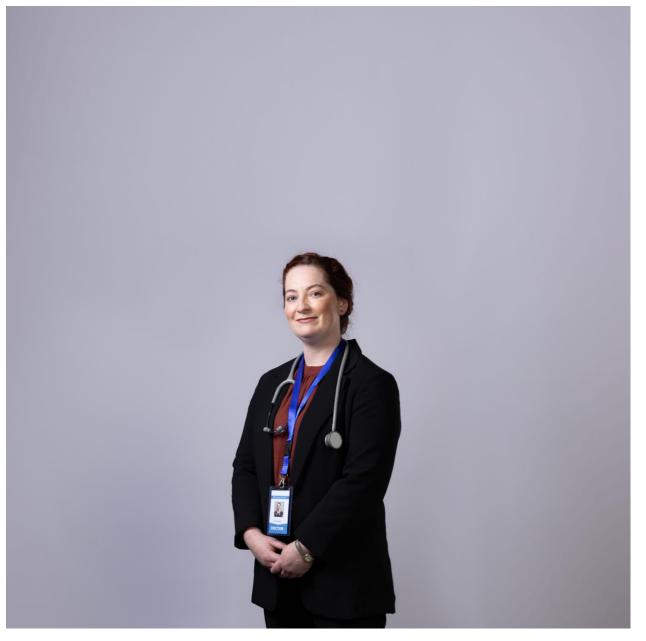
**Dr Maartje Lyons**Clinical Advice Manager



He Kaupare. He Manaaki. He Whakaora.

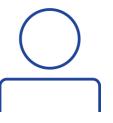
prevention. care. recovery.





### Nau mai, Haere mai

#### Welcome to 'How to complete an ACC18 medical certificate'



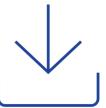
Meet the team

Dr Peter Burt Dr Maartje Lyons



Questions

Use the Q&A at the top of your screen



Download the webinar

We'll email the webinar and slides



Feedback

Let us know what you think



### Before we start...

There are many different practice management systems that can submit an ACC18.

We know sometimes using them can be a challenge.

They all ask for the same information.



Working with us using our digital services (acc.co.nz)



# Agenda

When to use an ACC18

Recovery at work

Your role in certification

4 Definitions

5 Myths & Tips

6 Your questions

# When to use an ACC18



# ACC18 – supporting your patient

Use the form to let us know:

- ✓ There is a different or additional diagnosis so we can update cover.
- ✓ What support your patient needs
- When there is a change in the way your patient can work because of their injury

You can also ask us to contact you. We'll do our best to reach you. If possible, give us an email address or direct contact number.



# Recovery at work



# Ability to work

Used when someone is not able to work in the same way because of their injury.

Getting certification right and setting recovery expectations from the beginning is in the best interest of your patient.

Strong evidence showing work can be a valuable part of a patient's rehab.

Patients can still get financial support from ACC if they return to work part-time.

Your recovery at work guide





### Why recover at work?

- ✓ Work is generally good for physical and mental health and wellbeing.
- Valuable rehabilitation.
- Maintain income and overall confidence.

Recovery is optimised when we all work together in the best interests of the patient and support a safe and effective recovery at work as part of the rehabilitation process.



# Recovery at Work

Most employers are happy to discuss alternative duties or reduced hours for their employee.

We have resources for injured people to help them have a conversation with their employer.





### Recovery at Work – supporting our clients

We can help your patient to recover safely at work with:

- ✓ rehabilitation programmes
- ✓ specialised equipment and technology
- ✓ transport to and from work
- occupational workstation assessments
- functional assessments
- vocational medical services.





# Your role in certification



# Certification – your role

Completing an assessment of their capacity to work plays a key role in helping your patient to recover at work and return to their everyday activities as soon as possible.





# Certification – assessing your patient

#### **Ability**

- what your patient can safely do both cognitively and physically.
- diagnosis, treatment, & rehabilitation recommendations and prognosis, if appropriate.

#### **Tolerance**

- adjustments to your patient's work such as hours, travel, tasks, and environment.
- ✓ key dates.

#### Risk

- ✓ what your patient must not do to keep them or others safe.
- what may constitute a risk to your patient, for example, certain activities or situations.
- reduce risk through changes to work hours or tasks, the environment, equipment or breaks.



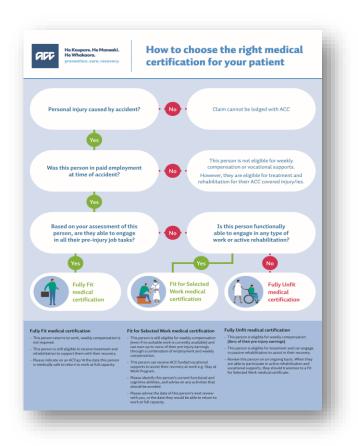
# Definitions



# Certification – getting it right

There are three ways to describe ability

- ✓ Fit for selected or some work
- ✓ Fully unfit
- ✓ Fully fit





### Ability to work – definitions

#### Fit for selected/restricted

Your patient can engage in active rehabilitation or some work with support:

- ✓ amended duties
- ✓ altered hours
- ✓ workplace adaptations
- ✓ a phased return to work

#### **Fully fit**

Your patient can undertake their full pre-injury job duties and hours.

#### **Fully unfit**

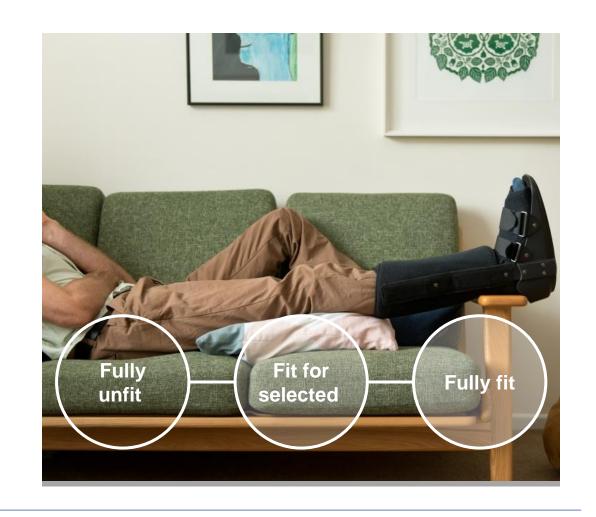
Your patient is

- ✓ Is in hospital, or confined to bed
- ✓ At risk of contagion or needs quarantining
- ✓ A H&S risk to them, their colleagues or general pubic



# Example

- Logging truck driver has sustained a fractured ankle
- Unable to drive, walk or lift and cannot wear suitable safety footwear
- There are other duties they may be able to do.





# Myths & tips



### Myths – to bust

- X To get weekly compensation the accident must happen at work
- Only people who are fully unfit get weekly compensation
- Being fit for some work means they must do some work.

Getting paid if you can't work - weekly compensation (acc.co.nz)





# Tips

- ✓ Getting the dates of capacity right- you can have different capacities of work on the same certificate
- Certify their capacity on the date seen, making no assumptions about work e.g. starting on return Mon
- ✓ For TBI, SCI and other significant injuries we can accept annual certificates

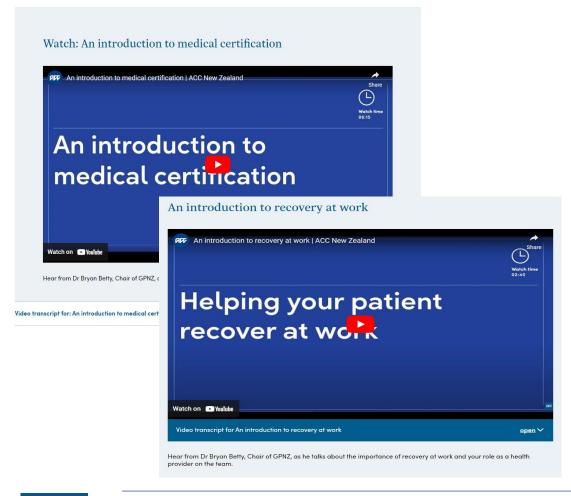
<u>Issuing medical certificates (acc.co.nz)</u>

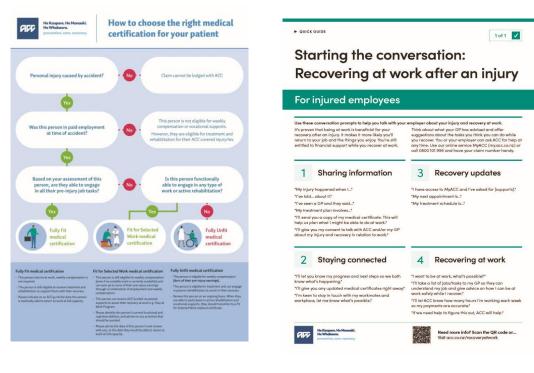


# Questions? Pātai?



### Resources for you







### Contact us

#### Provider help:

Call 0800 222 070 providerhelp@acc.co.nz

# Contact our provider relationship team (EPMs):

Contact our provider relationship team (acc.co.nz)

#### **Provider Education Lead:**

provider.education@acc.co.nz



# Ngā mihi nui